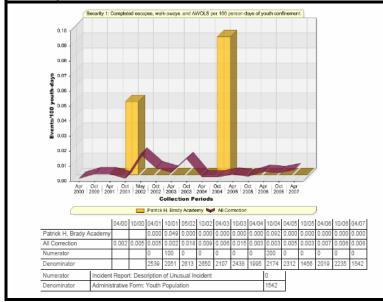
2 **Brady Academy**

2.1 Security

This includes measures such as escapes, contraband and lost or misplaced equipment.

2.1.1 Security 1 Escapes: Completed

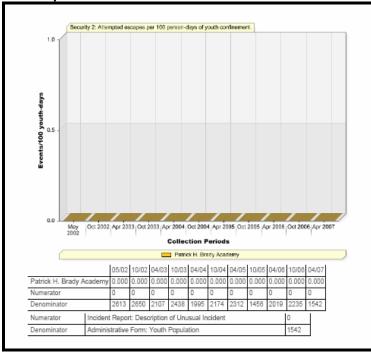
Completed escapes, walk-aways, and AWOL's, per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Completed escapes, walk-aways, and AWOL's remain at zero incidents for October '06 and April' 07. The national average for this outcome measure (OM) is currently 0.005%.

2.1.2 Security 2 Escapes: Attempted

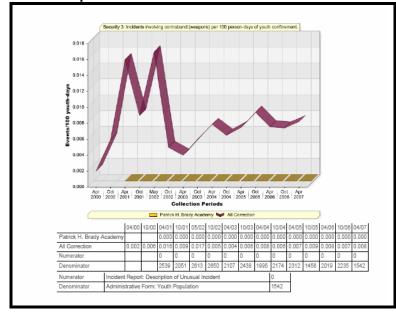
Attempted escapes per 100 person days of youth confinement.



There were no attempted escapes for the eleventh consecutive data collection period.

2.1.3 Security 3 Contraband: Weapons

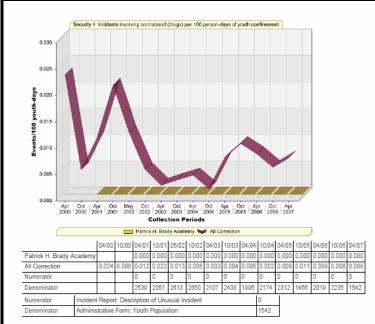
Incidents involving contraband (weapons) per 100 person days of youth confinement.



There were no incidents involving contraband (weapons) for the thirteenth consecutive data collection.

2.1.4 Security 4 Contraband: Drugs

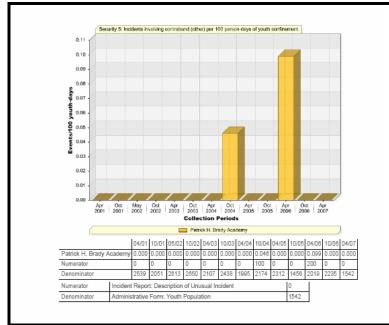
Incidents involving contraband (drugs) per 100 person days of youth confinement.



There were no incidents involving contraband (drugs) for the thirteenth consecutive data collection.

2.1.5 Security 5 Contraband: Other

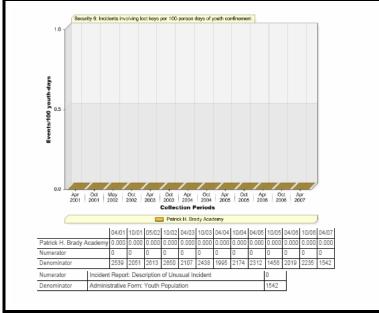
Incidents involving contraband (other) per 100 person days of youth confinement.



There were zero incidents involving contraband (other) for the October '06 and April '07data collection.

2.1.6 Security 6 Lost Keys

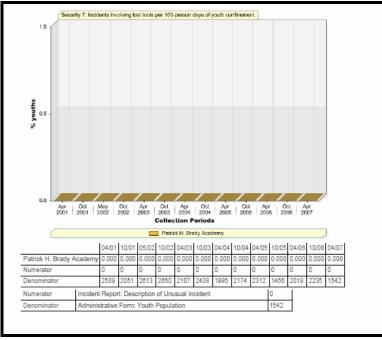
Incidents involving lost keys per 100 person days of youth confinement.



There were no incidents involving lost keys for the thirteenth consecutive data collection.

2.1.7 **Security 7 Lost Tools**

Incidents involving lost tools per 100 person days of youth confinement.



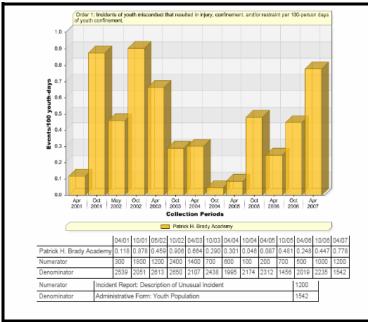
There were no incidents involving tools for the thirteenth consecutive data collection.

2.2 Order

This includes measures such as misconduct, use of restraints and isolation, and idle waking hours.

2.2.1 **Order 1 Youth Misconduct**

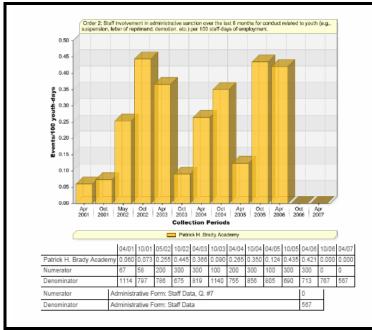
Incidents of youth misconduct per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Youth misconduct increased in October '06 from the previous data collection to 0.447 and increased again April '07 to 0.778.

Order 2 Administrative Sanction: Staff Involvement 2.2.2

Staff involvement in administrative sanction for conduct related to youth (e.g. suspension, letter of reprimand, demotion, etc) per 100 staff days of employment.

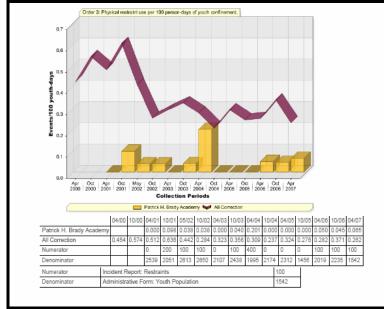


Staff involvement in administrative sanction for conduct related to youth per 100 staff days decreased to zero incidents in October '06 and in April 07.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in October 2002 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.2.3 Order 3 Restraints: Physical

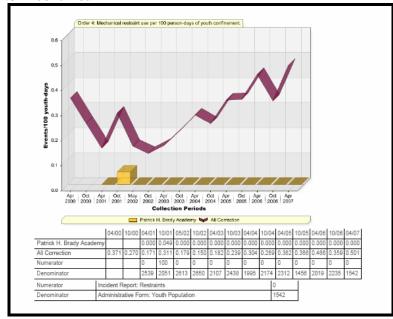
Physical restraint use per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Physical restraint use remained at one incident per 100 days in October '06 and April '07. This outcome measure has consistently remained below the national average which is .262 for April '07.

2.2.4 Order 4 Restraints: Mechanical

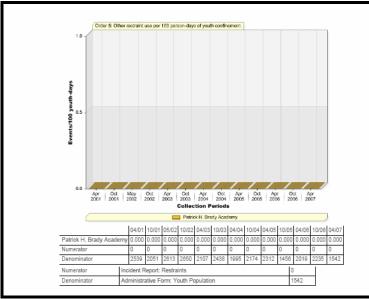
Mechanical restraint use per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Mechanical restraint use remained at zero for the October '06 and April '07 data collections. The national averages are .359 and .501 for these two data collections.

2.2.5 Order 5 Restraints: Other

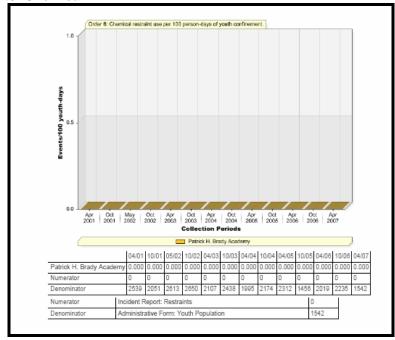
Other restraint use per 100 person days of youth confinement.



There have consistently been no incidents of other restraint use for all thirteen data collections.

2.2.6 Order 6 Restraints: Chemical

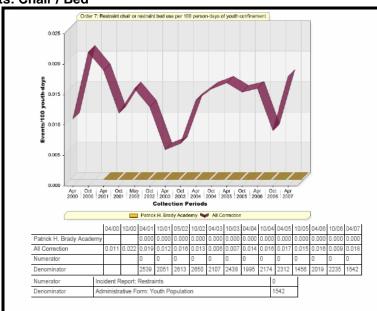
Chemical restraint use per 100 person days of youth confinement.



There have consistently been no incidents of chemical restraint use for all thirteen data collections.

2.2.7 Order 7 Restraints: Chair / Bed

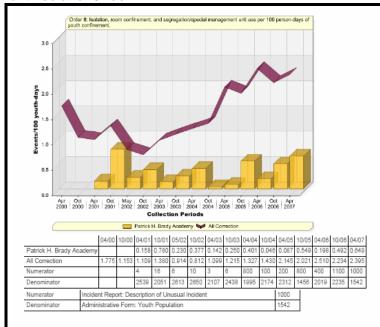
Restraint chair or restraint bed use per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Restraint chair/restraint bed use remains at zero for all data collections to date.

Order 8 Confinement: Isolation /Room 2.2.8

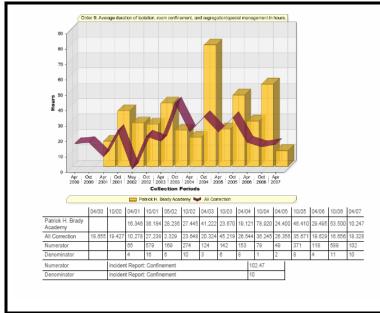
Use of isolation and room confinement and segregation/special management unit use per 100 person days of youth confinement.



In October '06, use of isolation and room confinement increased to eleven incidents per 100 person days of youth confinement, (.492) but remains lower than the national average of 2.234. This outcome measure decreased slightly in April '07 to ten incidents per 100 person days of youth confinement, which again remains lower than the national average of 2.395.

2.2.9 **Order 9 Confinement: Duration**

Average duration of isolation and room confinement and segregation/special management unit in hours.

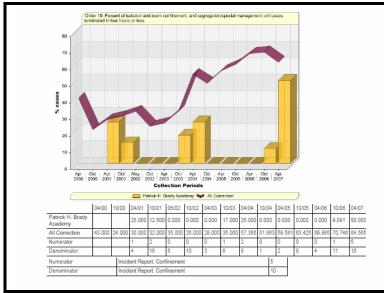


Average duration of isolation and room confinement in hours increased in October '06 to 53.500 hours, and decreased again in April '07 to 10.247 hours. The national average for April is 18.328 hours.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in October 2005 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.2.10 Order 10 Confinement: Termination Time 4 hours or less

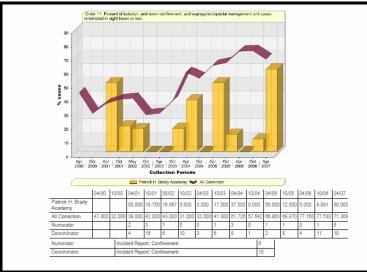
Percent of isolation or room confinement and segregation/special management unit cases terminated in four hours or less.



Percent of isolation or room confinement terminated in four hours or less increased in October '06 to 9% and increased again in April '07 to 50%. These remained below the national averages which are 71% for October '06 and 65% for April '07.

2.2.11 Order 11 Confinement: Termination Time 8 hours or less

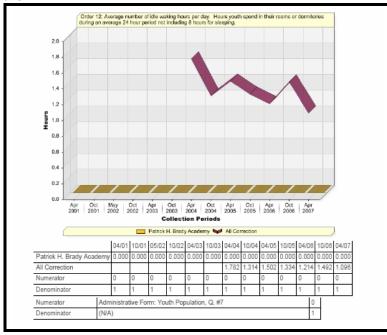
Percent of isolation or room confinement and segregation/special management unit cases terminated in eight hours or less.



Percent of isolation or room confinement cases terminated in eight hours or less increased to 9% in October '06 and increased again in April '07 to 50%. The national average for October and April are 77% and 71% respectively.

2.2.12 Order 12 Idle Hours

Number of idle hours youth spend in their rooms or dorms not including 8 hours for sleeping.



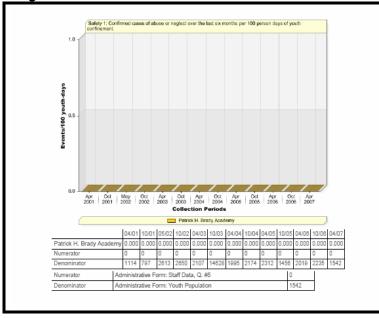
Average number of idle waking hours per day is zero for the thirteenth consecutive data collection. The national rate for April '07 is 1.096 hours per day.

2.3 Safety

This includes injuries, overpopulation, self-destructive behavior, assaults, and fear for safety:

Safety 1 Abuse or Neglect 2.3.1

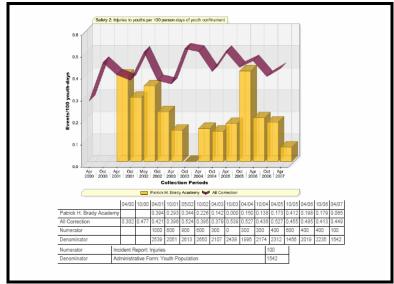
Number of confirmed cases of abuse or neglect over the last six months per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Confirmed cases of abuse or neglect has been zero for all data collections.

2.3.2 Safety 2 Injuries: Youth

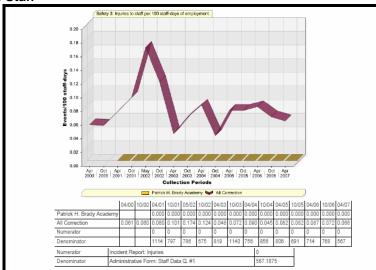
Injuries to youth per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Injuries to youth per 100 person days decreased to four incidents (.195), for October '06 data collection. In April '07 the number of injuries decreased to one incident for a rate of .065, which is well below the national average of .449.

2.3.3 Safety 3 Injuries: Staff

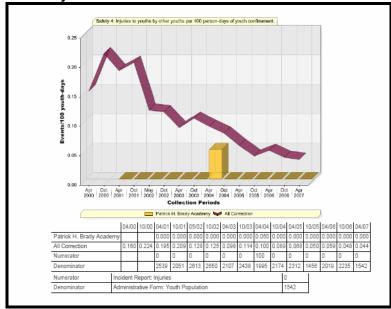
Injuries to staff per 100 staff days of employment.



Reported injuries to staff has consistently been zero for all data collections to date.

2.3.4 Safety 4 Injuries Youths by Youths

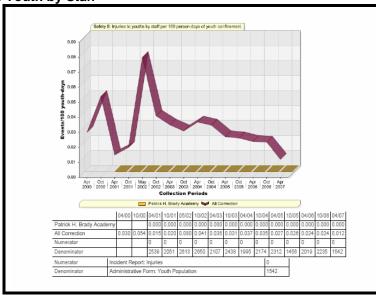
Injuries to youth by other youth per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Injuries to youth by other youth per 100 person days of confinement remained at zero for October '06 and April '07. The national average for April '07 is .044.

2.3.5 Safety 5 Injuries: Youth by Staff

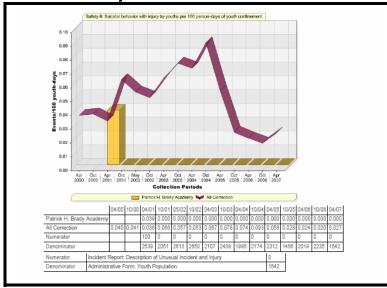
Injuries to youth by staff per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Injuries to youth by staff have remained at zero for all data collections. The national average for the April '07 data collection is .012.

2.3.6 Safety 6 Suicidal Behavior: With Injuries

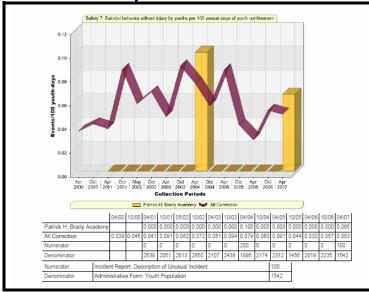
Suicidal behavior with injury by youth per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Suicidal behavior with injury by youth is again zero. The national average in April '07 is .027 incidents per 100 person days.

2.3.7 Safety 7 Suicidal Behavior: Without Injuries

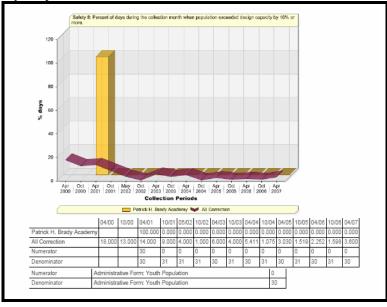
Suicidal behavior without injury by youth per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Suicidal behavior without injury by youth was zero incidents for October '06 and increased to one incident in April '07. The national average for October is .057 and .053 for April.

Safety 8 Design Capacity 2.3.8

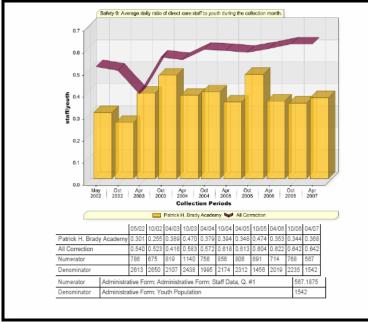
Percent of days during the collection month when population exceeded design capacity by 10 percent or more.



Percent of days during the assessment period when the population exceeded the design capacity by 10% or more is again zero for the twelfth consecutive data collection.

2.3.9 Safety 9 Ratio: Direct Care Staff to Youth

Average ratio of direct care staff to youth for each day during the collection month.

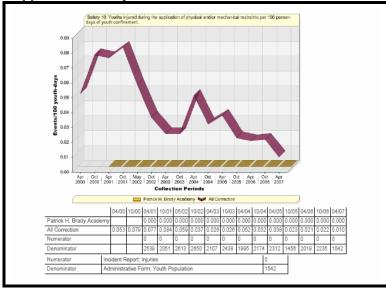


Average ratio of staff to youth decreased in October '06 to .344 but increased in April '07 to .368. The national averages for April '07 is .642.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in October 2002 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.3.10 Safety 10 Injuries: Application of Physical/Mechanical Restraints

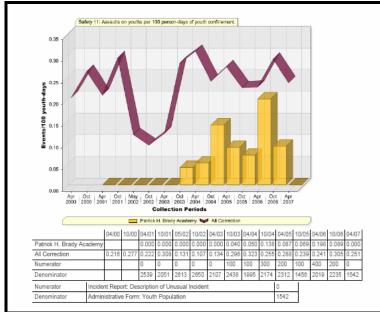
Youth injured during the application of physical and/or mechanical restraints per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Youth injured during the application of physical or mechanical restraints has continued to be zero for all thirteen data collection periods to date.

2.3.11 Safety 11 Assaults: Youth

Assaults on youth per 100 person days of youth confinement.



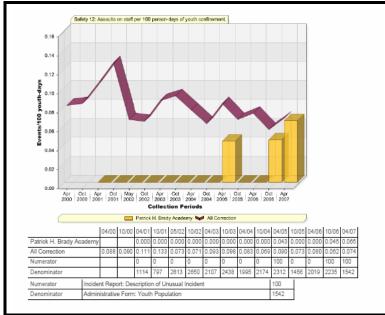
Assaults on youth per 100 person days of youth confinement decreased to .089 in October '06 and then decreased to zero incidents in April '07. These remain below the national averages for both data collections.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in April 2006 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

Department of Corrections

2.3.12 Safety 12 Assaults: Staff

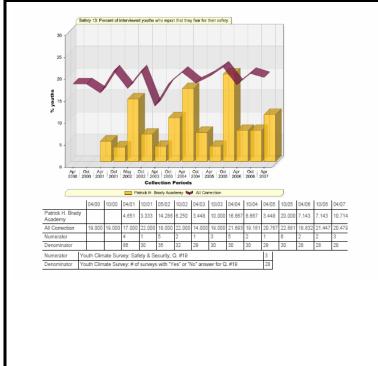
Assaults on staff per 100 person days of youth confinement.



Assaults on staff per 100 days of youth confinement increased to one incident for both October '06 and April '07 data collection. The national average for this outcome measure is .074.

2.3.13 Safety 13 Fear For Safety: Youth

Percent of interviewed youth who report that they fear for their safety.



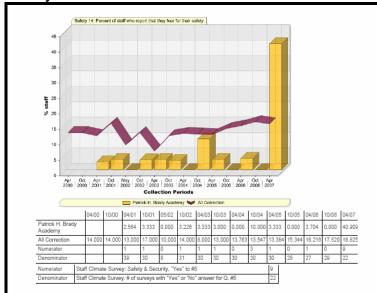
The percent of interviewed youth that report fearing for their safety remained the same for October '06 and increased slightly in April '07 to 10.714. This reflects 3 youth in the program reporting that they fear for their safety. The national average for Safety 13 is currently 20.479.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in May 2001 and April 2002. This FIP has been deemed successful and formally closed, and the team continues to monitor closely.

December 2007

2.3.14 Safety 14 Fear For Safety: Staff

Percent of staff who report that they fear for their safety.



Zero percent of staff reported that they fear for their safety in October '06 and increased in April '07 to 41% of staff who fear. The national average is currently 16%.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in April 2007. See details below.

2.3.14.1

Problem: Staff reporting that they fear for their safety has significantly increased. With new staff and new program management a fresh approach to the internal fear surveys will take place. They will be administered not only to direct care program staff but also to direct care education staff at different times. The (FIP) team will then identify what the fears are, and what organizational program they are coming from (program, education, maintenance team members).

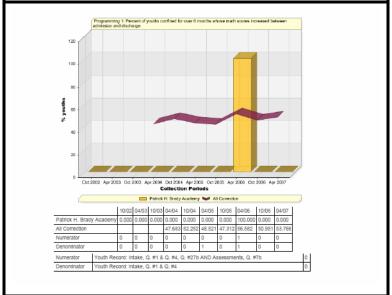
Final Solution: The treatment director's will take the lead on this (FIP) and communicate the survey outcomes back to the senior staff involved. One goal is to determine if the known fears can be remedied or if it is beyond our control. Discussion of fear concerns from past fear surveys dealt with the following items: (poor radios, difficult youth, lack of staff) Many transitional changes have occurred at STAR Academy this last year and many staff have shifted responsibilities. A new "Youth Conduct of Standards" operational memorandum has been established to help with the program transition. New radios have been ordered and each staff will maintain their own, overfill positions have been approved as well as hiring more temps. New de-escalation training has become available and will be reviewed with staff. (Jireh) Better communication among program staff has been established. (ALERT Sheets/All Staff email) On site supervisor and roaming staff have been established which has helped in situations and staff coverage. State PbS Coordinator will collaborate with other jurisdictions to see if they have successful action steps that we might utilize.

2.4 Programming

This includes academic progress as well as measures pertaining to mental health, social skills, substance abuse, individual treatment plans [ITP], family contacts, and volunteers.

2.4.1 Programming 1 Scores: Math

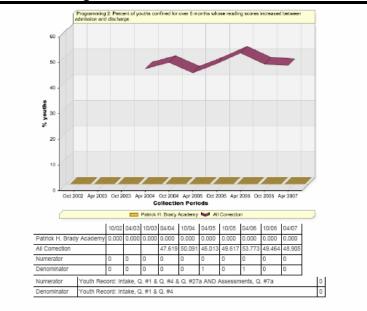
Percent of youth confined for over 6 months whose math scores increased between admission and discharge.



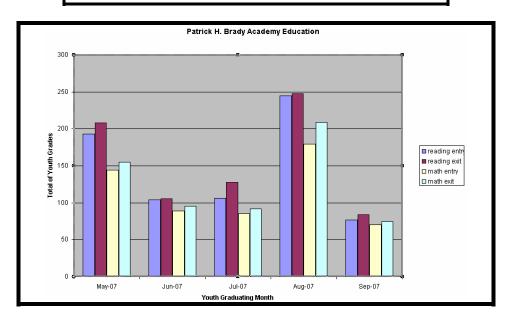
Data is normally not submitted for this OM because BA youth are not at the facility for over 6 months, therefore, this measure is not calculated according to the BA program's length of stay. BA will continue to monitor this internally and provide graph results as attachments. Please refer to the attached graph on the following page for the math score measure for the current data collection reporting periods.

Programming 2 Scores: Reading 2.4.2

Percent of youth confined for over 6 months whose reading scores increased between admission and discharge.

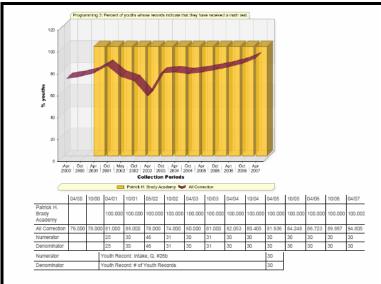


Data is not submitted for this OM because BA youth are not at the facility for over 6 months, therefore, this measure is not calculated according to the BA program's length of stay. BA will continue to monitor this internally and provide graph results as attachments. Please refer to the graph below for the reading score measure for the current data collection reporting periods.



2.4.3 **Programming 3 Admission: Math Test**

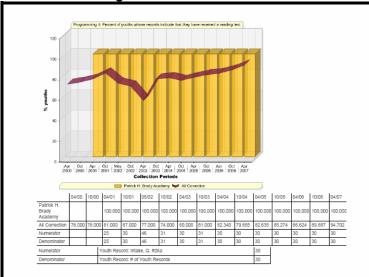
Percent of youth whose records indicate that they received a math test at admission.



Percent of youth whose records indicate they have received a math test at admission has consistently been 100% for all thirteen data collections to date and consistently above the national average.

Programming 4 Admission: Reading Test 2.4.4

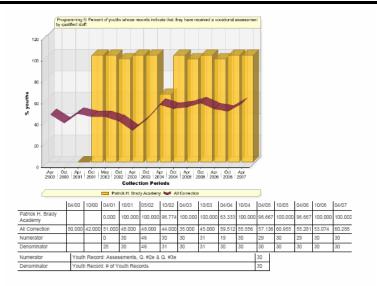
Percent of youth whose records indicated that they received a reading test at admission.



Percent of youth whose records indicate they have received a reading test at admission has consistently been 100% for all thirteen data collections to date and consistently above the national average.

2.4.5 **Programming 5 Admission: Vocational Assessment**

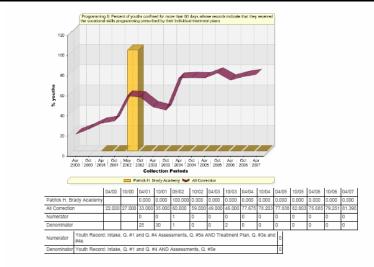
Percent of youth whose records indicate that they received a vocational assessment by qualified staff.



Percent of youth whose records indicate they have received a vocational assessment by qualified staff remained at 100% for October '06 and April '07. The national averages for these two collections are 53% and 60%.

2.4.6 **Programming 6 Programming: Vocational Skills**

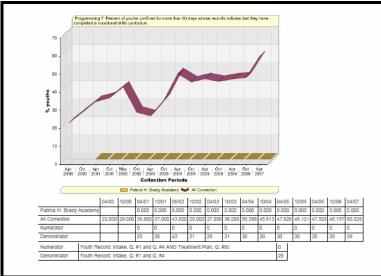
Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they received the vocational skills programming prescribed by their individual treatment plans.



Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate they've received vocational skills programming is not applicable to BA as vocational skills programming is not provided.

Programming 7 Curriculum: Vocational Skills 2.4.7

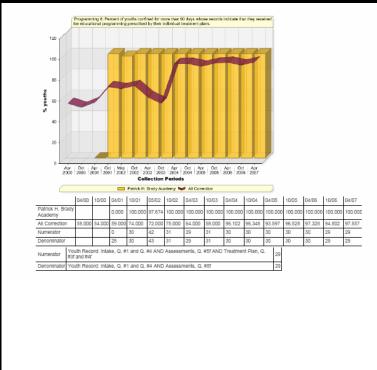
Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they have completed a vocational skills curriculum.



Brady Academy does vocational skills assessments but does not have a vocational skills curriculum; therefore, the percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they've completed a vocational skills curriculum is zero percent.

Programming 8 Programming: Educational 2.4.8

Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they received the educational programming prescribed by their individual treatment plans.

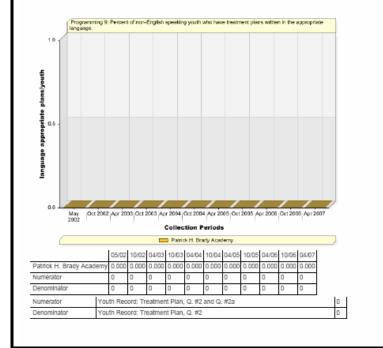


Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate they have received the education programming as prescribed in their Individual Treatment Plan (ITP) remained at 100% for both October '06 and April '07. These are above the national averages in both data collections, which are 94% and 97%.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in April 2001 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.4.9 **Programming 9 Non English Speaking Youth**

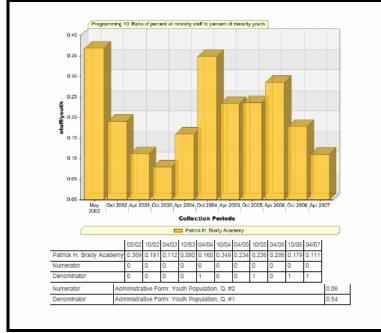
Percent of non-English speaking youth who have treatment plans in the appropriate language.



Percentage of non-English speaking youth who have treatment plans written in the appropriate language did not apply to BA for the October '06 nor the April '07 data collections.

2.4.10 Programming 10 Minority Ratio

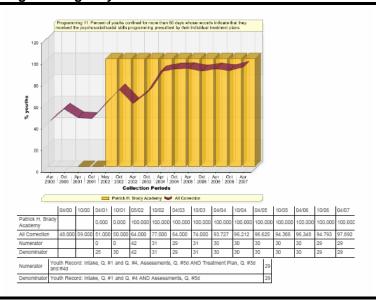
Ratio of percent of minority staff to percent of minority youth.



Ratio of minority staff to minority youth was .179 for October '06, and .111 for April '07.

2.4.11 Programming 11 Programming: Psychosocial/Social Skills

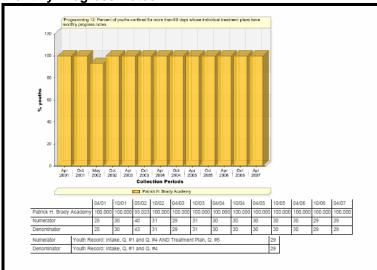
Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose reports indicated that they received psychosocial/social skills programming prescribed by their individual treatment plans.



Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate they've received the social skills programming as prescribed in their ITP remained at 100% for both October '06 and April '07.

2.4.12 Programming 12 Monthly Progress Notes

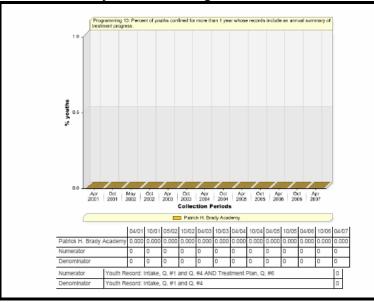
Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose individual treatment plans have monthly progress notes.



Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose ITP's have monthly progress notes have remained at 100% for the past ten data collections.

2.4.13 Programming 13 Annual Summary Treatment Progress

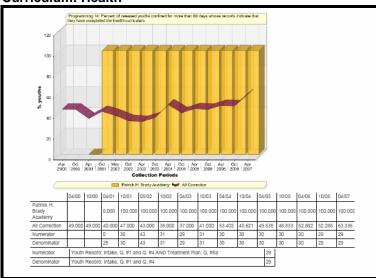
Percent of youth confined for more than 1 year whose records include an annual summary of treatment progress.



Percent of youth confined for more than 1 year whose records include an annual summary did not apply to BA for the October '06 nor the April '07 data collections as no youth were in the program for that length of time.

2.4.14 Programming 14 Curriculum: Health

Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they have completed the health curriculum.

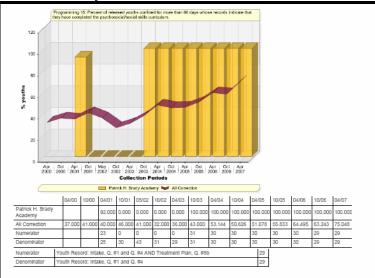


Percent of youth confined over 60 days whose records indicate they have completed the health curriculum is again 100% for both data collections, compared to the national averages of 52% in October and 63% in April.

Department of Corrections

2.4.15 Programming 15 Curriculum: Psychosocial/Social Skills

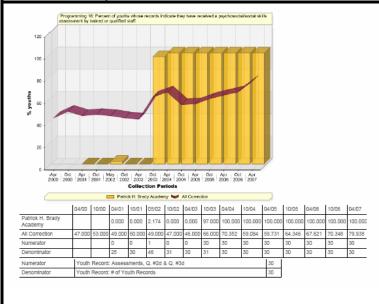
Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they have completed the psychosocial/social skills curriculum.



In the Brady Academy program, 100% of youth confined over 60 days had records to indicate they have completed the social skills curriculum in October and April, compared to the national average of 75%.

2.4.16 Programming 16 Assessment: Psychosocial/Social Skills

Percent of youth whose records indicate they have received a psychosocial/social skills assessment.



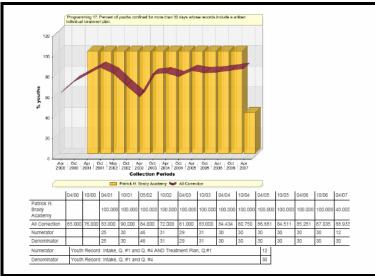
Percent of youth whose records indicate they've received a psychosocial/social skills assessment remained at 100% for October '06 and April '07. The national average for April '07 is 80%.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in October 2001 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

Department of Corrections

2.4.17 Programming 17 ITP

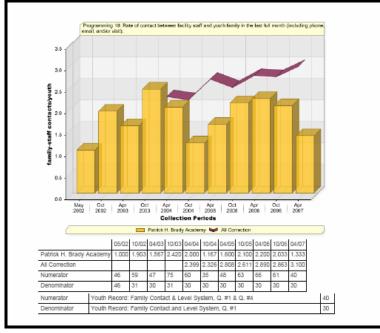
Percent of youth confined for more than 30 days whose records include a written individual treatment plan.



For the twelfth consecutive data collection period, 100% of juvenile's records include a written Individual Treatment Plan, and then decreased to 40%. Brady Academy is closely monitoring this OM and believes that the decrease is due to staff turnover and this issue has now been corrected.

2.4.18 Programming 18 Rate of Contact

Rate of contact between facility staff and youth family including phone, email and/or visit.

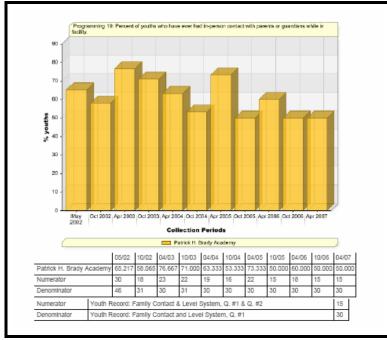


Rate of contact between facility staff and youth family is 2.0 contacts per month in October '06 and 1.33 for April '07.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in October 2002 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.4.19 Programming 19 Youth Contact With Parents/Guardians

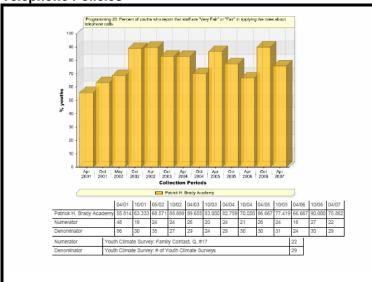
Percent of youth who have ever had in-person contact with parents or guardians while in facility.



For the October '06 data collection, 50% of youth have had in person contact with a parent or guardian while in the facility. This remained at 50% for the April '07 data collection.

2.4.20 Programming 20 Telephone Policies

Percent of youth who report that policies governing telephone calls are implemented consistently.

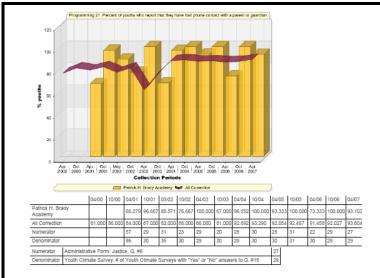


Percent of youth who report that policies governing telephone calls are implemented consistently increased slightly from the previous data collection to 90% in October '06. It decreased to 76% April '07.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in May 2002 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.4.21 Programming 21 Phone Contact

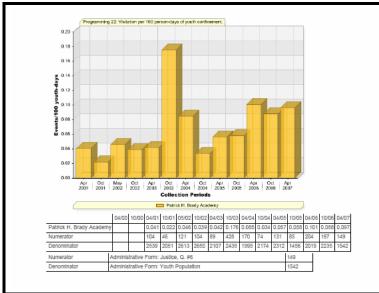
Percent of youth who report that they have had phone contact with a parent or guardian.



Percent of youth who report that they've had phone contact with a parent or guardian increased to 100% in October '06 with the national average standing at 92%. BA's percentage decreased to 93% in April '07 which is equal to the national average.

2.4.22 Programming 22 Visitation

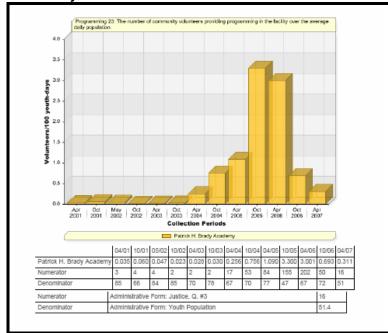
Visitation per 100 person days of youth confinement.



The rate of visitation per 100 person days of confinement decreased slightly in October '06 to a rate of .088 and then increased in April '07 to .097.

2.4.23 Programming 23 Community Volunteers

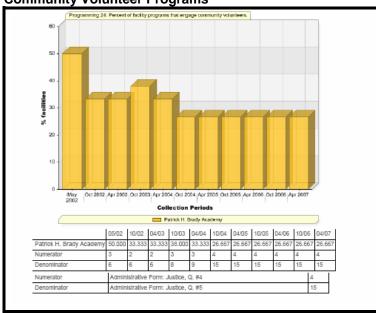
The number of community volunteers providing programming in the facility over the average daily youth population.



The number of community volunteers providing programming over the average day count decreased to .693 in October '06 and decreased to .311 in April '07. The significant decrease has been identified that reporting volunteers must be for the data collection month only, not for the last 6 months.

2.4.24 Programming 24 Community Volunteer Programs

Percent of facility programs that engage community volunteers.



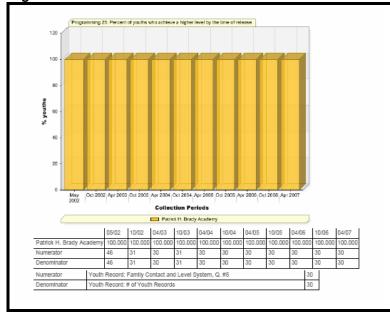
For both reporting periods, 27% of different program components engaged community volunteers.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in October 2001 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

December 2007

2.4.25 Programming 25 Higher Level at Release

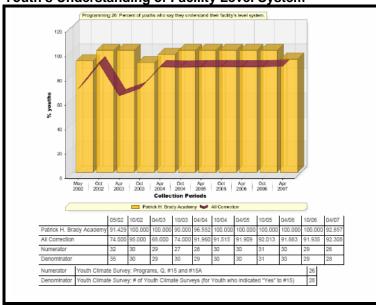
Percent of youth who achieve a higher level by the time of release



Percent of youth who achieve a higher level by the time of their release has remained at 100% for all data collections.

2.4.26 Programming 26 Youth's Understanding of Facility Level System

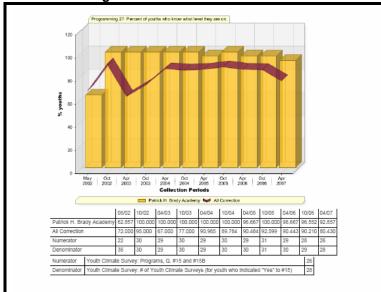
Percent of youth who say they understand their facility's level system.



For October '06, 100% of youth said they understand their facility's level system. This decreased to 93% in April '07. These were both higher than the national averages, which is 92% for April's data collection.

2.4.27 Programming 27 Youth's Knowing Level

Percent of youth who know what level they are on.



The October '06 data collection indicated that 96% of youth said they know what level they are on, compared to the national average of 90%. This decreased to 92% in April '07 with the national average at 80%.

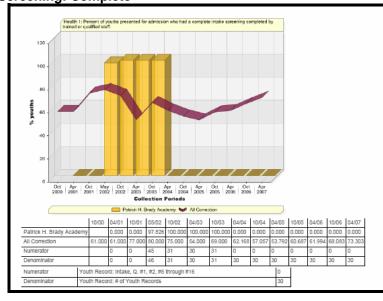
A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in May 2002 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.5 Health

This includes intake, ITP implementation and juvenile awareness of services.

2.5.1 Health 1 Intake Screening: Complete

Percent of youth presented for admission who had a complete intake screening by trained or qualified staff.



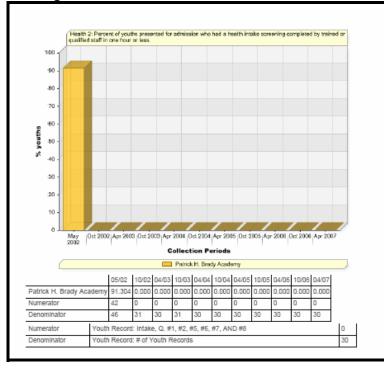
For both reporting periods, zero percent of youth at admission had a complete intake screening from trained and qualified staff.

Note: These screenings are conducted at Custer Intake and Holding Center prior to admission to BA.

Department of Corrections

Health 2 Intake Screening: Health 2.5.2

Percent of youth presented for admission who had a health intake screening completed by trained or qualified staff in one hour or less.

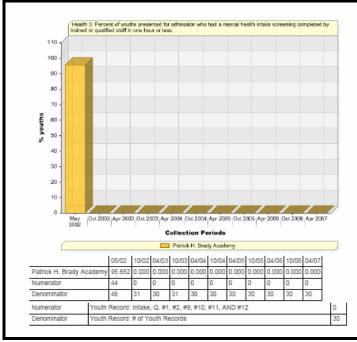


None of the youth at admission to BA had a health intake screening in one hour or less.

Note: Health Intake screenings are all completed by trained and qualified staff within the first hour of admission, but is completed at Custer Intake & Holding Center; therefore, the outcome measures for this screening reflect zero for BA.

2.5.3 **Health 3 Intake Screening: Mental Health**

Percent of youth presented for admission who had a mental health intake screening completed by trained or qualified staff in one hour or less.

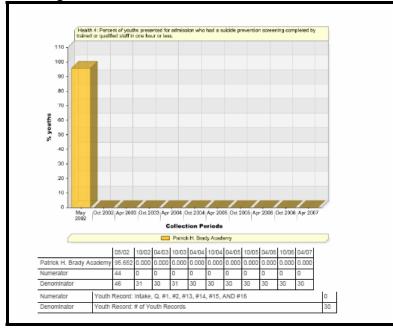


None of the youth admitted to BA had a mental health intake screening in one hour or less.

Note: Mental Health screenings are all completed by trained and qualified staff within the first hour of admission, but is completed at Custer & Holding Center; therefore, the outcome measures for this screening reflect zero for BA.

2.5.4 Health 4 Intake Screening: Suicide Prevention

Percent of youth presented for admission who had a suicide prevention screening completed by trained or qualified staff in one hour or less.

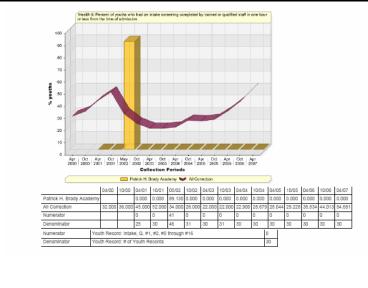


None of the youth admitted to BA had suicide prevention screening in one hour or less.

Note: Suicide Prevention screenings are all completed by trained and qualified staff within the first hour of admission, but is completed at Custer Intake & Holding Center: therefore, the outcome measures for this screening reflect zero for BA.

2.5.5 Health 5 Intake Screening: Completed in Less than 1 hour

Percent of youth presented for admission who had an intake screening completed by trained or qualified staff in one hour or less.

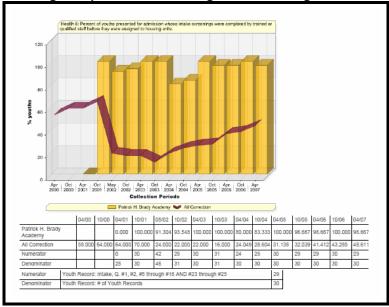


None of the youth admitted to BA had a complete intake screening by trained or qualified staff in one hour or less.

Note: Complete Intake Screenings are all completed by trained and qualified staff within the first hour of admission, but is completed at Custer Intake & Holding Center: therefore, the outcome measures for this screening reflect zero for BA.

Health 6 Intake Screening Completed before Assigned to Housing Unit 2.5.6

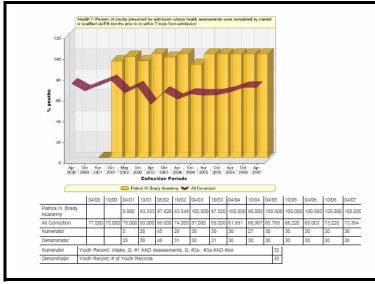
Percent of youth presented for admission whose intake screenings were completed by trained or qualified staff, before they were assigned to housing units.



Percent of youth at admission whose intake screenings were completed before they were assigned housing units was 100% in October 2006 and 97% in April 2007. This exceeds the national average, which is currently 49%.

Health 7 Completed: Health Assessments 2.5.7

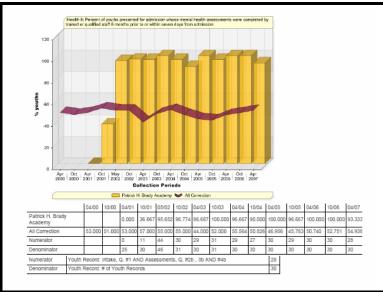
Percent of youth presented for admission whose health assessments were completed by trained or qualified staff within seven days.



The percent of youth admitted who had health assessments completed within 7 days remains at 100% for the last five data collections. The Brady Academy has remained above the national average for this OM for the last twelve data collections.

2.5.8 **Health 8 Completed: Mental Health Assessment**

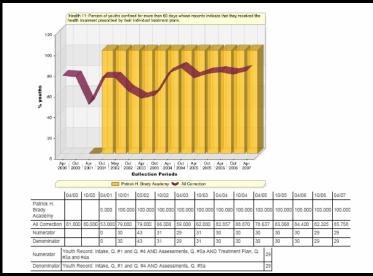
Percent of youth presented for admission whose mental health assessments were completed by trained or qualified staff within seven days.



In the Brady Academy program, 100% of the youth had mental health assessments completed within 7 days for October '06 data collection, and 93% for April '07 data collection. This is higher than the national average, which is 53% in October and 55% in April.

2.5.9 **Health 11 Health Care Treatment**

Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they received the health treatment prescribed by their individual treatment plans.

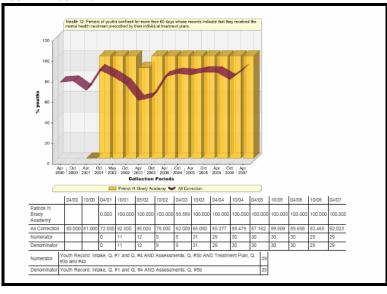


Percent of juveniles confined for over 60 days whose records indicate they received the health treatment as prescribed by their ITP has consistently remained at 100% for the past twelve data collections. Furthermore, BA has exceeded the national average for this OM.

Department of Corrections

2.5.10 Health 12 Mental Health Treatment

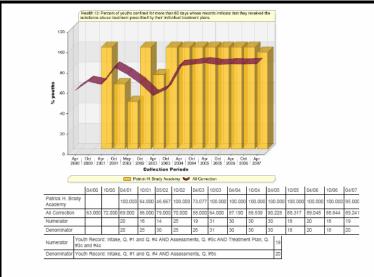
Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they received the mental health treatment prescribed by their individual treatment plans.



Percent of juveniles confined for over 60 days whose records indicate they received Mental Health treatment as prescribed by their ITP is 100% for both October and April, and above the national average.

2.5.11 Health 13 Substance Abuse Treatment

Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days whose records indicate that they received the substance abuse treatment prescribed by their individual treatment plans.

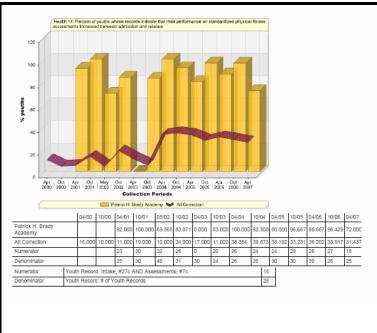


Percent of juveniles confined for over 60 days whose records indicate they received substance abuse treatment as prescribed by their ITP is 100% for October '06 and 95 % for April '07, and remains above the national average.

A FIP was developed for this OM in October 2001 and has been deemed successful and closed.

2.5.12 Health 14 Physical Fitness Assessment

Percent of youth whose records indicate that their performance on standardized physical fitness assessments increased between admission and release.

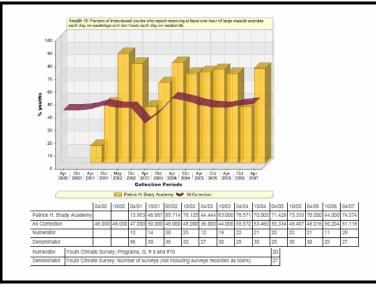


Percent of youth whose records indicate their performance on standardized physical fitness assessments increased between admission and release increased to 96% for October '06 and is significantly higher than the national average of 34%. This OM decreased slightly for April '07 to 72% compared to 31% nationally.

A FIP was developed for this OM in April 2003 and in April 2005 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.5.13 Health 15 Large Muscle Exercise

Percent of interviewed youth who report receiving at least one hour of large muscle exercise each day on weekdays and two hours each day on weekends.

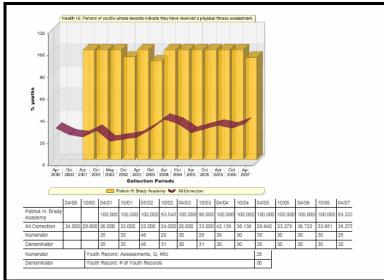


In October '06, 44% of interviewed youth report receiving at least one hour of large muscle exercise each day on weekdays and two hours each day on weekends. This increased to 74% for April '07. Brady Academy is above the national average, which is currently 51%.

A FIP was developed for this OM in October 2001 and has been deemed successful and closed.

2.5.14 Health 16 Physical Fitness Assessment

Percent of youth whose records indicate they have received a physical fitness assessment.



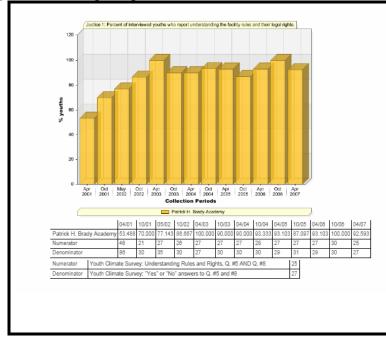
In October '06,100% of youth records indicate the youth received a physical fitness assessment. This decreased slightly to 93% in April '07. The national average for this OM is currently 38%.

2.6 Justice

This includes grievances and legal rights.

2.6.1 Justice 1 Facility Rules and Legal Rights

Percent of interviewed youth who report understanding the facility rules and their legal rights.

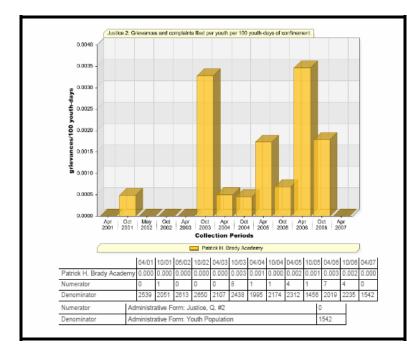


Percent of interviewed youth who report they understand facility rules and legal rights increased to 100% in October '06 and decreased to 92% in April '07.

A FIP was developed for this OM in April 2001 and has been deemed successful and closed.

Justice 2 Grievances and Complaints: Filed by youth 2.6.2

Grievances and complaints filed per youth per 100 youth days of confinement.

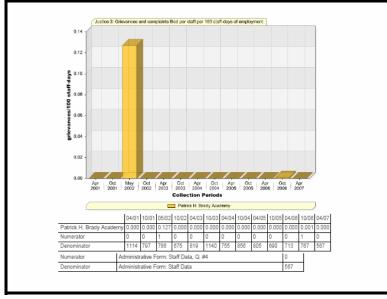


Four grievances (.004), and/or complaint were filed per youth per 100 person days of confinement for the October '06 data collection, and zero grievances filed for April '07.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in April 2006 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.6.3 **Justice 3 Grievances and Complaints: Staff**

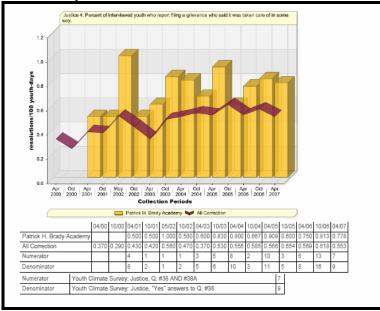
Grievances and complaints filed per staff per 100 days of staff employment.



Grievances and complaints filed per staff per 100 days of employment remains at zero for October '06 and April '07.

2.6.4 Justice 4 Grievances Filed By Youth

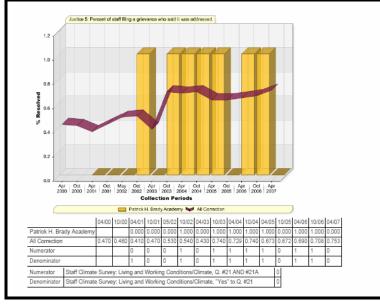
Percent of interviewed youth who report filing a grievance and who said it was addressed.



The percent of interviewed youth who report filing a grievance and said it was addressed increased to 81% in October, and then decreased to 78% in April '07. The national average for April '07 is 55%.

Justice 5 Grievances Filed By Staff 2.6.5

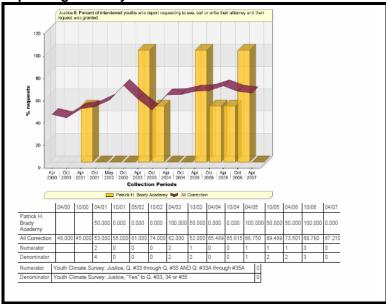
Percent of interviewed staff filing grievance who said it was addressed.



Staff filing a grievance and report that the grievance was addressed is 100% for October '06 reporting period and not applicable for April '07.

2.6.6 **Justice 6 Youth Requesting Attorney Contact**

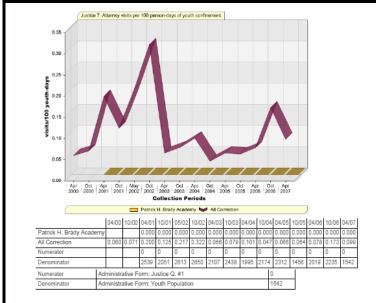
Percent of interviewed youth who report requesting to see, calls, or write their attorney and their request was granted.



Percent of youth who requested to see, call or write their attorney and their request was granted increased to 100% in October '06 and not applicable in April. The national average for this OM is 67%.

2.6.7 **Justice 7 Attorney Visits**

Attorney visits per 100 person days of youth confinement.



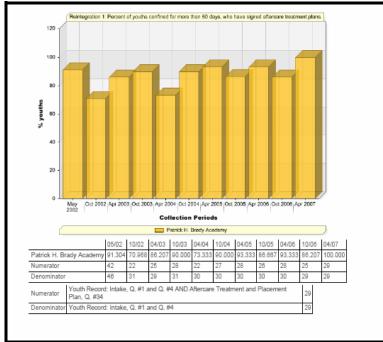
There were zero attorney visits per 100 person days of youth confinement in both October and April.

2.7 Reintegration

This includes aftercare treatment plans, youth's correspondence, case manager, and community referrals.

2.7.1 Reintegration 1 Aftercare Treatment Plans

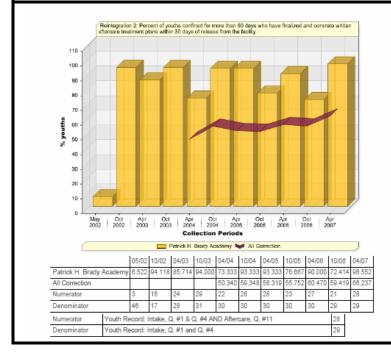
Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days who have signed aftercare treatment plans.



Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days, who have signed aftercare treatment plans is 86% in October '06 and 100% in April '07.

2.7.2 Reintegration 2 Aftercare Treatment Plans Finalized

Percent of youth confined for more than 60 days who have finalized and concrete written aftercare treatment plans within 30 days of release from the facility.

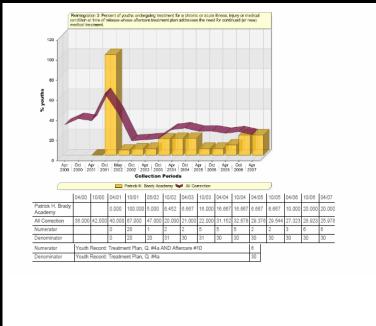


Percent of youth, confined for more than 60 days who have finalized and concrete written aftercare treatment plans within 30 days of release from the facility decreased to 73% in October '06 and increased to 96% April '07.

A Facility Improvement Plan (FIP) was developed for this outcome measure (OM) in April 2004 and has been deemed successful and formally closed.

Reintegration 3 Youth Undergoing Treatment: Chronic Or Acute Illness, Injury or Medical Condition 2.7.3

Percent of youth undergoing treatment for a chronic or acute illness, injury or medical condition at time of release whose aftercare treatment plan addresses the need for continued (or new) medical treatment.

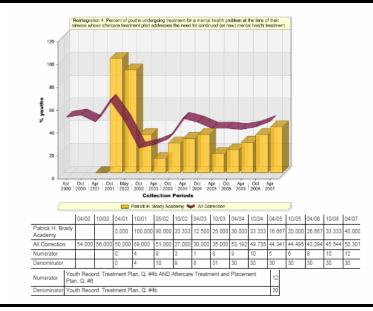


Percent of youth undergoing treatment for a chronic or acute illness, injury or medical condition at time of release whose aftercare treatment plan addressed the need for continued (or new) medical treatment is 20% for October '06 compared to 27% nationally. In April '07, this remained at 20% compared to 25% nationally.

A FIP was developed for this OM in April '05 which has been deemed successful and formally closed.

2.7.4 Reintegration 4 Youth Undergoing Treatment: Mental Health Problem

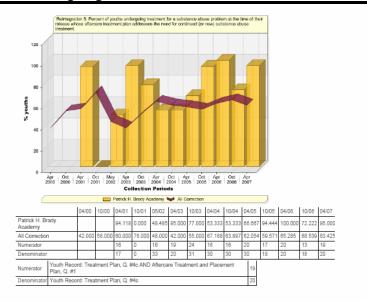
Percent of youth undergoing treatment for a mental health problem at the time of their release whose aftercare treatment plan addresses the need for continued (or new) mental health treatment.



Percent of youth undergoing treatment for a mental health problem at time of release whose aftercare treatment plan addressed the need for continued (or new) mental health treatment is 33% in October '06 and 40% in April '07. The national average is currently 50% for this OM.

2.7.5 Reintegration 5 Youth Undergoing Treatment: Substance Abuse

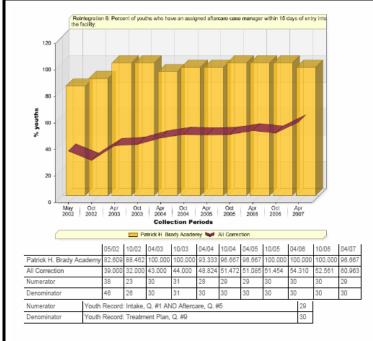
Percent of youth undergoing treatment for a substance abuse problem at the time of their release whose aftercare treatment plan addresses the need for continued (or new) substance abuse treatment.



Percent of youth undergoing treatment for a substance abuse problem at time of release whose aftercare treatment plan addressed the need for continued (or new) mental health treatment decreased to 72% in October '06 and increased to 95% in April '07.

2.7.6 Reintegration 6 Aftercare Case Manager Assignment

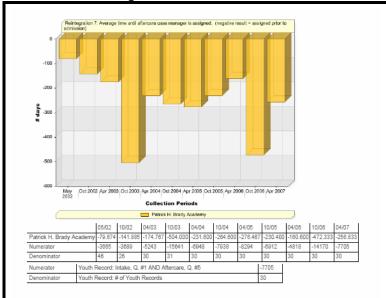
Percent of youth who have an assigned aftercare case manager within 15 days of entry into the facility



In the Brady Academy program, 100% of youth have an assigned aftercare case manager within 15 days of entry into the facility for October '06 and 96% in April '07. This is better than the national averages, which are 52% for October and 61% for April.

2.7.7 Reintegration 7 Aftercare Case Manager Prior to Admission

Average time until aftercare case manager is assigned. (Negative result = assigned prior to admission).



Aftercare case managers are assigned to youth prior to their admission to the Brady Academy.

2.7.8 **Reintegration 8 Aftercare Case Manager Contact**

Percent of youth who have had in-person contact with aftercare case manager.

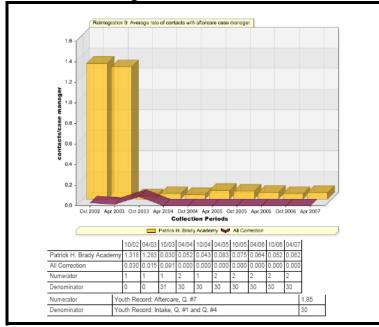


In October '06, 93% of youth had in-person contact with their aftercare case manager. This increased to 100% for April '07.

December 2007

2.7.9 Reintegration 9 Aftercare Case Manager In Person Contacts

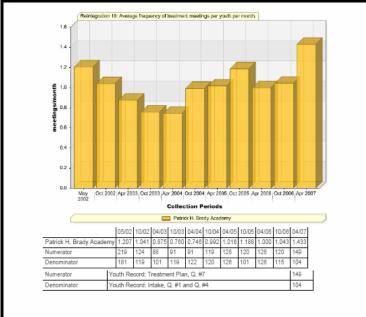
Average rate of inperson contacts with aftercare case manager.



The average rate of inperson contacts with aftercare case manager decreased to .052 for October '06 and .062 for April '07. The national averages are zero percent for both reporting periods.

2.7.10 Reintegration 10 Treatment Meeting Frequency

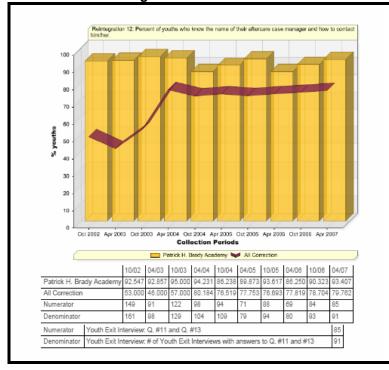
Average frequency of treatment meetings.



The average frequency of treatment meetings is 1.043 per month for October '06 and 1.433 for April '07.

2.7.11 Reintegration 12 Aftercare Case Manager

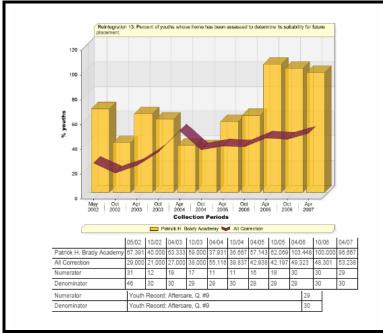
Percent of youth who know the name of their aftercare case manager and how to contact him/her.



In the Brady Academy program, 90% of youth for October '06 and 93% for April '07 know the names of their aftercare case manager and how to contact him/her. The national averages for these two data collections are 79%.

2.7.12 Reintegration 13 Home Assessment

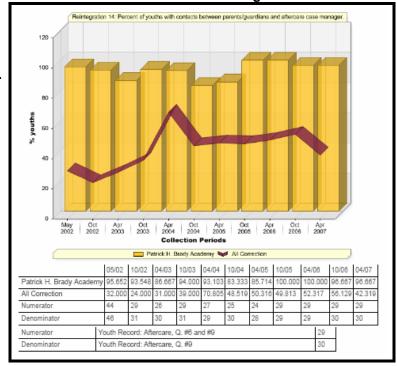
Percent of youth whose home has been assessed to determine its suitability for future placement.



In the Brady Academy program, 100% of the youth homes have been assessed to determine its suitability for future placement for October '06. This decreased to 97% for the April '07 data collection. The national averages for these two data collections are 48% (October) and 53% (April).

2.7.13 Reintegration 14 Contact Between Aftercare Case Manager and Parents/Guardians

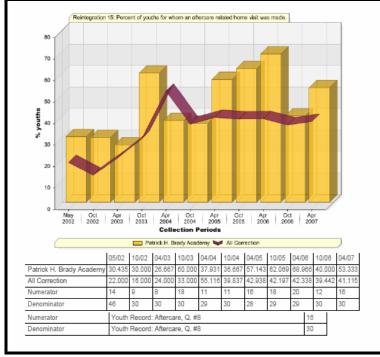
Percent of youth with contacts between parents/guardians and aftercare case manager.



In October '06 and April '07, the percent of youth with contacts between parents/guardians and aftercare case manager is 97% compared to 42% nationally.

2.7.14 Reintegration 15 Aftercare Case Manager Visit to Home

Percent of youth whose aftercare case manager made a family visit to the youth's home.

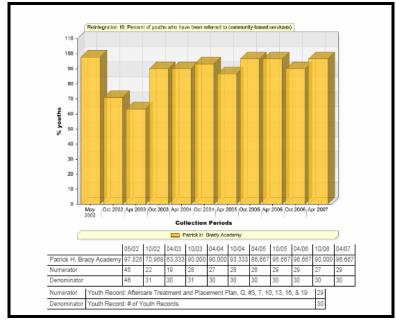


In the Brady Academy program, 40% of the youth aftercare case managers have made a family visit to the youth's home for October '06, with the national average at 39%. In April '07, this was 53% and above the national average of 41%.

Department of Corrections

2.7.15 Reintegration 16 Referred Youth

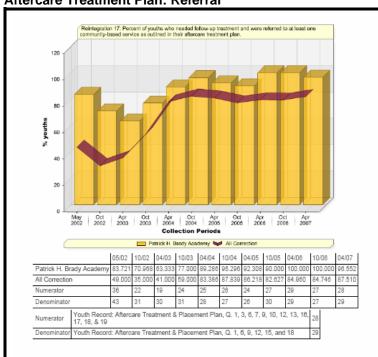
Percent of youth who have been referred.



In October '06, 90% of youth have been referred for aftercare services. This increased to 97% in April '07.

2.7.16 Reintegration 17 Aftercare Treatment Plan: Referral

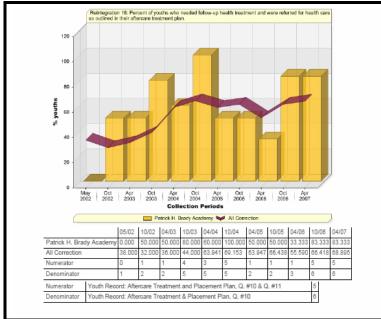
Percent of youth who needed follow-up treatment and were referred to at least one community-based service outlined in their aftercare treatment plan.



Percent of youth who are referred to at least one community-based service as outlined in their aftercare treatment plan was 100% in October '06 and decreased to 96% in April '07. These remained above the national averages of 84% (October) and 87% (April).

2.7.17 Reintegration 18 Aftercare Treatment Plan: Health Care

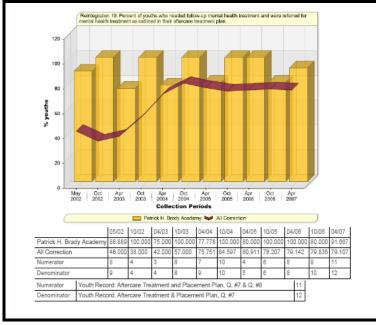
Percent of youth who needed follow-up health treatment and were referred for health care as outlined in their aftercare treatment plan.



Percent of youth who needed follow-up treatment and were referred for health care as outlined in their aftercare treatment plan increased to 83% in October '06 and April '07. The national average for this OM is 69%.

2.7.18 Reintegration 19 Aftercare Treatment Plan: Mental Health Care

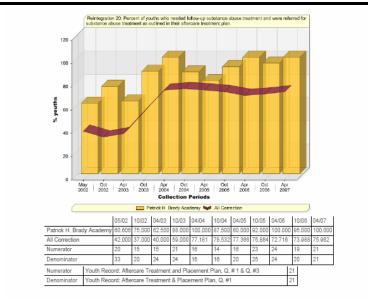
Percent of youth who needed follow-up mental health treatment and were referred for mental health treatment as outlined in their aftercare treatment plan



Percent of youth who needed follow-up mental health treatment and were referred for mental health treatment as outlined in their aftercare treatment plan was 100% in October '06 and 91% in April '07. The national average for this OM is currently 79%.

2.7.19 Reintegration 20 Aftercare Treatment Plan: Substance Abuse Care

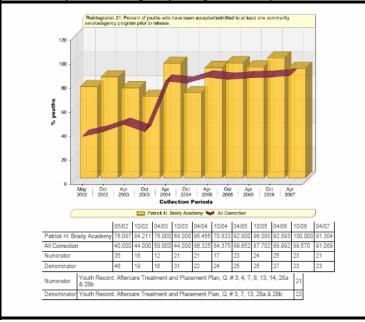
Percent of youth who needed follow-up substance abuse treatment and were referred for substance abuse treatment as outlined in their aftercare treatment plan



Percent of youth who needed follow-up substance abuse treatment and were referred for substance abuse treatment as outlined in their aftercare treatment plan decreased to 95% in October '06 and increased to 100% in April '07. The national averages for these are 74% (October) and 76% (April).

2.7.20 Reintegration 21 Community Service/Agency Program Acceptance

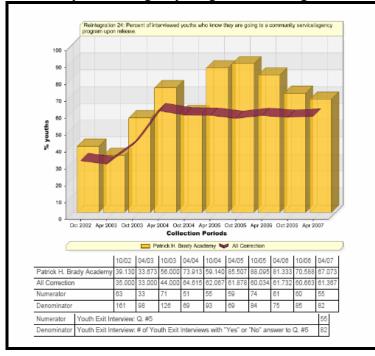
Percent of youth who have been accepted/admitted to at least one community service/agency program prior to release



Percent of youth who have been accepted/admitted to at least one community service/agency program prior to release is 100% for October '06, which is above the national average of 89%. In April '07 this decreased slightly to 91%. The national average for this OM is 91%.

2.7.21 Reintegration 24 Community Service/Agency Program Knowledge

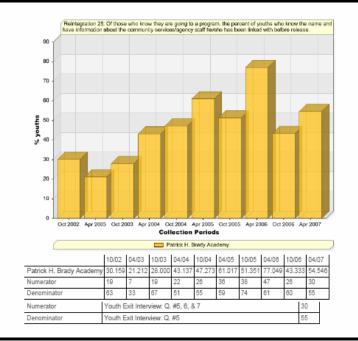
Percent of interviewed youth who know they are going to a community service/agency program upon release.



In October '06, 70% of interviewed youth said they knew they were going to a community service/agency program upon release compared to 61% nationally. This decreased to 67% in April '07 and remained above the national average of 61%.

2.7.22 Reintegration 25 Community Service/ Agency Program Information

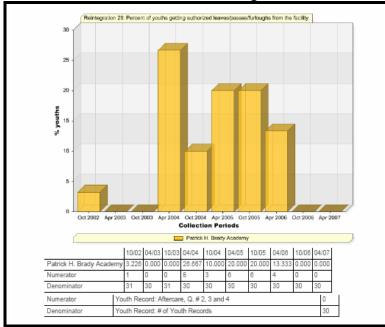
Of those who know they are going to a program, the percent of youth who know the name and have information about the community service/agency staff he/she has been linked with before release.



Of those who knew they were going to a program, 43% of youth in October knew the name and had information about the community services/agency staff he/she has been linked with before release. In April, 54% of youth had this information.

2.7.23 Reintegration 29 Authorization of Leaves/Passes/Furloughs

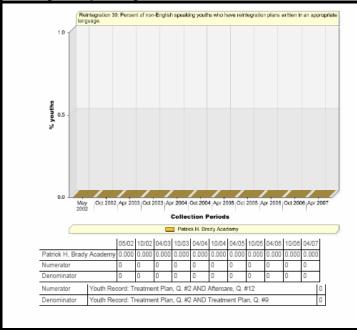
Percent of youth getting authorized leaves/passes/furlough from the facility.



Percentage of youth getting authorized leave/passes/furloughs from the facility was zero percent in October '06 and in April '07.

2.7.24 Reintegration 30 non-English Speaking Youth

Percent of non-English speaking youth who have reintegration plans written in an appropriate language.



Percentage of non-English speaking youth who have reintegration plans written in another appropriate language does not apply to BA for the October '06 or April '07 data collections.